

PROLOGUE

I am the Founder, Global Legal Advisor, Chief Software Developer and Consultant of THE SOFTWARE SUITE, a registered legitimate business entity which is a global niche software developer, international technology advisory, forex trading consultancy, FinTech advisory and consultancy, international trade advisory, international business consultancy and among other categories.

I was a practising lawyer in Malaysia until 31 December 2019. I had in my periods of legal practice, practised criminal defense, litigation encompassing banking litigation, civil and corporate litigation, corporate advisory, corporate and general conveyancing, international legal advisory, FinTech, technology law etc. I was a legal officer in the Prosecution and Litigation Division of the Legal Department in the Employees Provident Board of Malaysia, a statutory body under existing Malaysian laws from December 2002 to May 2003 and had also engaged in field investigations and jointly-conducted criminal prosecutions with senior prosecuting officer Nadarajan in court leading to convictions and imprisonment. I was also a sales manager of Citigroup Sales and Outsourcing Sdn Bhd from January 2003 to March 2003, leading branch sales of retail banking products offered by its sister company, Citibank. I've been researching on 9/11 and its Malaysian Connection for umpteen years now and have written and published on the Malaysian Scorpene Submarine Grand Corruption Scandal and Gruesome Murder of Altantuya etc.

On September 12, 2001 I was a trainee lawyer under Feisal Sheikh Hussein the managing partner of the Kuala Lumpur based law firm, Nordin Torji & Yussof Ahmad, a place I had honed my research skills. The whole law firm was shocked and I became intrigued by the blatant nefarious acts of terrorism. I had already studied the prevention and punishment of terrorism in my final year law degree course for the subject of Public International Law and that included conventions and treaties working towards the elimination of weapons of mass destruction (WMDs). When I was a litigation and corporate advisory lawyer in Shatar, Tan & Chee of Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia under Chee Yok Yung, I had honed my research skills further. But the investigative and criminal prosecutorial skills I had obtained when employed as a legal officer in the prosecution and litigation division under the legal department in the Employees Fund Board of Malaysia (EPF), a statutory body under Malaysian laws and one of the world largest pension funds is of much use. I used to remark to my clerk back then, Aziz in the presence of another clerk, Hairi and even my college and varsity friends such as Steven Ho Kiew Keong, Keshminder Singh (Kash) and Karamjit Singh (Karam) among others that I was researching on the 9/11 tragedy.

Senior Commissioner of Police Mokhtar Shariff a retired police chief, was Steven's, Kash's, Karam's and my law courses classmate. The Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia Al-Qaeda/Al-Qaida Summit/Meeting was held in January 2000. If I'm not mistaken, Mokhtar was the Kuala Lumpur Police Contingent's Criminal Investigations police chief in the year 2000 A.D. And

police officers under his jurisdiction didn't manage or couldn't even manage to arrest the 2000 Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia AQ Summit/Meeting participants. That's the magnitude of the cells we have Malaysia. Someone, some organization, some network, had/have the resources and secured intelligence to bring them to Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia right under Mokhtar's nose and pull 9/11 off! Figure that out!

The same Mokhtar had told me not to study the Malaysian Police Act for our Malaysian Bar exams as I wasn't a policeman, never going to become a policeman and it wasn't in the exams syllabus.

What made me ponder was that Malaysia's foremost and globally renowned investigative journalist/reporter, R. Nadeswaran, an Advanced Diploma in Law classmate of mine, didn't even manage to delve into the 2000 Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia AQ Summit/Meeting. Thus, I had to do my indepth research, investigation and write on the 9/11 Pentagon Terrorist Attack tragedy as I had already done with the globally infamous Malaysian Scorpene Submarine Grand Corruption Scandal and Gruesome Murder of Altantuya.

As I was researching on both the 9/11 Pentagon Terrorist Attack and its Malaysian Connection and the Malaysian Scorpene Submarine Grand Corruprion Scandal, in 2010, my credentials and documents in my light green folder and its contents and light blue legal professional diary and its contents and other properties etc. were deliberately stolen from a bookshelf

in the ground floor of my parents double-storey home. Even my sandals/slippers were stolen in a cybercafe and mosque compound. My emails and other electronic devices have been hacked. I've lodged numerous police reports etc. and even lodged formal complaints with the former Attorney-General of Malaysia, Tommy Thomas. Till date, 14 September 2020, no prosecutorial action has been taken against the criminal offenders, abettors and conspirators of the crimes committed upon myself.

Despite those crimes and the continuous pain, suffering and predicament I have been enduring, I continued to resume active legal practise which was kept in abeyance due to the deliberate thefts in 2010 of my academic and professional credentials etc.

I had served on Committees of the Malaysian Bar Council such as the Constitutional Law Committee from 2018/2020 and the now separated Small Firm Practice and Future of Law Committee from 2017/2020 and the Kuala Lumpur Bar Committee's Pupils Committee in 2019/2020.

The aim of this book is to assist in providing the fullest possible account of the events surrounding the 9/11 Pentagon terrorist attack, AA Flight 77 hijacking and the 2000 Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia AQ Summit/Meeting, Nawaf Hazmi and Khalid Mihdhar's involvement and the Malaysian Connection and for the benefit of my readers and 9/11 Families & Survivors United for Justice Against Terrorism and I have included The Software Suite's fax and email for any correspondence.

This book is credited and dedicated to my parents, siblings, above-named friends, family members and friends and relatives, readers, fans, clientele and all others who have been supportive of my endeavors. This book is further dedicated to the brave, bold, bright and beautiful women who continuously make our lives peaceful, secure, free and harmonious etc.

Prior to graduating with a law degree from the University of Wolverhampton, England in 1998 and for that final year LLB, I had to study among others the prevention and punishment of terrorism and the conventions and treaties working towards the elimination of weapons of mass destruction (WMDs) for the subject of Public International Law, I was a freshman at the University of Oklahoma, Norman in Spring 1992. The zephyrs of Spring gently whisked the freshening sensation. Enamored by the serenely amiable, peacefully melodious and harmonious voices and the sweet scents of sororities and years, actually decades later - emboldened by the exploits of Tracy Walder, a sorority woman who had taken down notorious global terrorists.

May we continuously live in peace, security, justice, true and clean democracy, harmony and freedom & dignity,

Hakimi Abdul Jabar (A.J. Hakimi)

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INTRODUCTION

On September 11th, 184 people lost their lives at the Pentagon. Today, many people are surprised to hear that the Pentagon was ever a target in the attack, and even fewer know about those who escaped.

At 9:37 A.M., American Airlines Flight 77 slammed into the Pentagon. Six crew members and 53 passengers were killed instantly. Flight 77 was the third plane to strike its target during the unprecedented attack on the United States. There was no protocol for this type of event, and chaos ruled the skies. Firsthand accounts from aviation professionals provide a bigger picture of the attacks in the air and at the Pentagon before, during, and afterward.

As a jet-fueled inferno spread through the building, the National Military Command Center (NMCC) filled with thick, acrid smoke, and computer systems came dangerously close to meltdown. If the NMCC, the nerve center of military operations, shut down, our military would not be able to respond to the attack. Site R was activated, and top military officials from the Pentagon relocated to the secret backup command center.

While building engineers fought to keep the NMCC online, survivors and first responders braced for impact from a second incoming plane. For some - including the first responders and survivors in our story - evacuation was not

an option.

9/11 was a generation-defining moment, yet the individual acts of bravery and heroism that took place at the Pentagon remain relatively unknown. Even as the most devastating attack on American soil was unfolding, Pentagon employees acted fearlessly in the face of terror to save each other and our military capability.

Document Links Al Qaeda Paymaster, 9/11 Plotter

An Al Qaeda paymaster who disbursed money to the Sept. 11 hijackers shared a credit card account with Khalid Shaikh Mohammed, establishing the first known link between the plot and the man U.S. officials believe conceived it, FBI Director Robert S. Mueller III told Congress in testimony that was declassified Thursday.

The tie to Mohammed - among the Al Qaeda operatives most wanted by U.S. Officials - was spelled out in a detailed status report on the investigation of the attacks Mueller presented to lawmakers in June.

The document portrays a plot carried out with such professionalism and precision that the hijackers “operated without suspicion, triggering nothing that alerted law enforcement,” Mueller said. “To this day we have found no one in the United States except the actual hijackers who knew of the plot.”

Mueller then noted that Zacarias Moussaoui is the one exception to his remark. The French-born Islamic militant is in custody in suburban Washington, accused of being the intended 20th hijacker.

Mueller’s written testimony was released Thursday during a hearing in which two top counter-terrorism officials at the CIA and FBI defended the

performance of their agencies to lawmakers investigating intelligence failures surrounding Sept. 11.

The CIA and FBI have come under criticism for missing numerous clues before the attacks and failing to share key information. Both officials expressed exasperation with such second-guessing.

The clues highlighted by lawmakers were part of “a maze of information and a sea of threats,” said Dale Watson, who is scheduled to retire today as counter-terrorism chief at the FBI. “It’s a lot easier to complete a maze if you start at the end.”

At one point in Thursday’s hearing, the antagonism between congressional investigators and agency officials surfaced in embarrassing fashion.

Senator Pat Roberts who has complained that the inquiry is demoralizing U.S. spy agencies, told witnesses that lawmakers had been advised in staff briefing materials Thursday that the CIA official likely would “dissemble,” or deceive, when confronted with certain questions.

“I won’t call it shameful, but it’s damn close,” Roberts said.

Cofer Black, head of the CIA’s counter-terrorism center from 1999 through May 2002, reacted with indignation.

“This is so unfortunate,” Black told lawmakers. “There’s no one that I know that does counter-terrorism that would dissemble to representatives of the

American people. Something is getting out of hand here.”

In a statement issued later in the day, Eleanor Hill, director of the investigative staff, said the comment was a “poor choice of words” and had been included in briefing materials because of an editing oversight.

Black acknowledged lapses leading up to Sept. 11 - including the agency’s failure to put two of the hijackers on State Department watch lists when they were first linked to Al Qaeda in January 2000.

Doing so might have prevented the men from entering the United States, or enabled domestic law enforcement officials to locate and track them after they arrived.

But Black complained that the CIA was hamstrung by a lack of resources, noting that he was forced to make 30% cuts in counter-terrorism operations in recent years.

“Before Sept. 11, we did not have enough people, money or sufficiently flexible rules of engagement,” Black said. “After Sept. 11, we did.”

Several lawmakers reacted with skepticism, noting that CIA Director George J. Tenet had declared “war” on Al Qaeda in a 1998 memo and ordered that no expense be spared in the agency. A congressional aide said later that Congress has boosted counter-terrorism funding in every year but one since 1994. In 2001, funding remained flat at the administration’s request.

Intelligence funding is poised for a historic increase this year under a bill passed by the Senate on Wednesday. A congressional source said the jump is in line with a measure that the House passed in July calling for an increase of about 25%.

Intelligence budget figures are classified, but are said to have hovered from \$30 billion to \$35 billion in recent years.

Through the release of Mueller's testimony, Thursday's hearing produced a number of new details about the Sept. 11 plot.

Authorities have long focused on Mustafa Ahmed al-Hawsawi as a primary money man for the hijackers. Mueller said al-Hawsawi was in the United Arab Emirates "each time the hijackers were transiting" on their way to the United States to carry out the attacks.

Mueller also gave more details of the hijackers' activities in the U.S., indicating a professional level of coordination and an expertise at blending into the population.

Among the other disclosures in Mueller's statement:

* None of the hijackers are known to have used private computers, laptops "or storage media of any kind," instead using publicly accessible Internet links at various locations to elude detection.

* Khalid al-Mihdhar, monitored since at least 2000 by the CIA, is now

believed to have been the coordinator and organizer of the 13 men who were considered to be the “muscle” on the planes.

* The teams of “muscle” operatives arrived in the United States in pairs, carefully spread out over a period of months and at various airports in proximity to where others in their cells were living. All came from the U.A.E., even though they were Saudi Arabian.

* During the summer of 2001, Mohammed Atta - the operational leader of the plan in the United States - met frequently with another hijacker who had previously been identified only as a low-level operative. Mueller said Atta and Nawaf al-Hazmi “appear to have met face-to-face on a monthly basis to discuss the status of the operation, and ultimately the final preparations for the attack.”

SUMMARY BIO OF NAWAF HAZMI

Nawaf Muhammed Salim al-Hazmi, born August 9, 1976 and died September 11, 2001, was a Saudi Arabian terrorist. He was one of five hijackers of American Airlines Flight 77, which they crashed into the Pentagon as part of the September 11 attacks in the United States.

Hazmi and a long-time friend, Khalid al-Mihdhar, left their homes in Saudi Arabia in 1995 to fight for Muslims in the Bosnian War. Hazmi later traveled to Afghanistan to fight with the Taliban against the Afghan Northern Alliance. He returned to Saudi Arabia in early 1999.

Already long-time affiliates of al-Qaeda with extensive fighting experience, Hazmi and Mihdhar were chosen by Osama bin Laden for an ambitious terrorist plot to pilot commercial airliners into designated targets in the United States. Hazmi and Mihdhar both obtained US tourist visas in April 1999. Hazmi trained in an al-Qaeda training camp in the fall of 1999 and traveled to Malaysia for the 2000 Al-Qaeda Summit.

Hazmi arrived in Los Angeles, California, from Bangkok, Thailand, on January 15, 2000, alongside Mihdhar. The two settled in San Diego, staying at the Parkwood Apartments until May 2000. While in San Diego, they attended its mosque, led by Anwar al-Awlaki. The two took flying lessons in San Diego, but due to their poor English skills they did not perform well

during their flight lessons and their flight instructor regarded them as suspicious.

Mihdhar left Hazmi in California for Yemen in June 2000. Hazmi stayed in California until he met up with Hani Hanjour in December 2000, and they both traveled to Phoenix, Arizona. They later moved to Falls Church, Virginia, in April 2001, where the rest of the hijackers began to join them. Hazmi met frequently with Mohamed Atta, the ringleader of the attacks, during the summer of 2001.

The CIA reportedly received Hazmi's name on a list of 19 persons suspected of planning an attack in the near future. Hazmi was one of the four names on the list who were known for certain. A search for Hazmi and other suspected terrorists commenced, but they were not located until after the attacks.

On September 10, 2001, Hazmi, Mihdhar, and Hanjour checked into a hotel in Herndon, Virginia. The next morning, Hazmi and four other terrorists, including Hazmi's younger brother, Salem al-Hazmi, boarded American Airlines Flight 77 at Dulles Airport and hijacked the plane so that Hanjour could pilot and crash the plane into the Pentagon as part of the September 11 attacks. The crash killed all 64 passengers aboard the aircraft and 125 in the Pentagon. Following the attacks, Hazmi's participation was initially dismissed as that of a "muscle hijacker", but he was later revealed to have played a larger role in the operational planning than previously believed.

SUMMARY BIO OF KHALID al-MIHDHAR

Khalid Muhammad Abdallah al-Mihdhar, born May 16, 1975 and died September 11, 2001, was a Saudi Arabian Hijacker. He was one of the five hijackers of American Airlines Flight 77, which was flown into the Pentagon as part of the September 11 attacks.

Mihdhar was born in Saudi Arabia and fought with the Bosnian mujahideen during the Bosnian War of the 1990s. In early 1999, he traveled to Afghanistan where, as an experienced and respected jihadist, he was selected by Osama bin Laden to participate in the attacks. Mihdhar arrived in California with fellow hijacker Nawaf al-Hazmi in January 2000, after traveling to Malaysia for the Kuala Lumpur al-Qaeda Summit. At this point, the CIA was aware of Mihdhar, and he was photographed in Malaysia with another al-Qaeda member who was involved in the USS *Cole* bombing. The CIA did not inform the FBI when it learned that Mihdhar and Hazmi had entered the United States, and Mihdhar was not placed on any watchlists until late August 2001.

Upon arriving in San Diego County, California, Mihdhar and Hazmi were to train as pilots, but spoke English poorly and did not do well with flight lessons. In June 2000, Mihdhar left the United States for Yemen, leaving Hazmi behind in San Diego. Mihdhar spent some time in Afghanistan in early 2001 and returned to the United States in early July 2001. He stayed in

New Jersey in July and August, before arriving in the Washington, D.C. area at the beginning of September.

On the morning of September 11, 2001, Mihdhar boarded American Airlines Flight 77, which was hijacked approximately 30 minutes after takeoff. The plane was deliberately crashed into the Pentagon, killing all 64 people aboard the flight, along with 125 on the ground.

SUMMARY BIO OF YAZID SUFAAT

Yazid Sufaat, born 20 January 1964 in the Malaysian state of Johore - also known as **Yazud bin Sufaat** or **Yazid Shufaat** is a Malaysian member of the extremist Islamist terrorist organisation Jemaah Islamiyah (JI) from shortly after its foundation in 1993 until his arrest by Malaysian authorities in December 2001. His specialty had been to develop anthrax as a weapon of bio-terrorism on behalf of the terror group Al-Qaida (AQ). Released in 2008, he was again detained on terrorist charges in Malaysia in 2013 and was released on November 20, 2019 from the Simpang Renggam Detention Centre.

In 1987, he graduated from California State University, Sacramento with a degree in biochemistry. He then served in the Malaysian army as a medical technician, rising to the rank of Captain. He is believed to be one of AQ's main anthrax researchers. In 1993, he set up a pathology laboratory called Green Laboratory Medicine, at which he subsequently tried to weaponise anthrax on behalf of AQ. From 5 to 8 January 2000, a major meeting of AQ and JI personnel was held in Kuala Lumpur, the 2000 AQ Kuala Lumpur Summit and four of those who attended had lodgings provided by Yazid Sufaat. He is also suspected of providing employment documents to Zacarias Moussaoui, and providing lodging for two of the 11 September hijackers, namely Khalid al-Midhar and Nawaf al-Hazmi.

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